

Simple Compound Splitting for German

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INTRODUCTION

- **Compound**: concatenation of two or more words
Apfel|baum (apple tree)
Apfel|kuchen|rezept|sammlung (apple cake recipe collection)
- **Productive word formation process**
→ infinite amount of possible compounds
- **Compound splitting** useful for many NLP applications
 - Statistical Machine translation: translation of new compounds, better lexical coverage
 - Information retrieval: better generalization
- **Splitting not trivial** *Staubecken* → *Stau|becken* or *Staub|ecken*?

- Morphological operations on the modifier
 - *Bilder|Buch* → *Bild|Buch* transitional element
 - *Bücher|Regal* → *Buch|Regal* “Umlautung”
- **Linguistically informed compound splitting** with minimal resources
 - Morphological operations: learned from lemmatized data by mapping inflected forms to lemmas
 - Small set of hand-crafted rules for transitional elements
 - POS information for a flat analysis

häuserfassade → *haus_NN fassade_NN* *house front*
abfüllanlage → *abfüllen_V anlage_NN* *filling facility*

MODELING TRANSITIONAL ELEMENTS

- Many modifier forms are part of the **inflectional inventory**: mostly plural or genitive forms
- Transitional elements/morphological operations for **noun compounds**

Noun+Noun

<i>add -en</i>	Taten <u>drang</u>	Tat Drang	pl
<i>add -n</i>	Hasen <u>braten</u>	Hase Braten	pl
<i>add -ens</i>	Herzen <u>güte</u>	Herz Güte	gen
<i>add -ns</i>	Frieden <u>svertrag</u>	Frieden Vertrag	gen
<i>add -es</i>	Kind <u>eswohl</u>	Kind Wohl	gen
<i>add -er</i>	Bücher <u>regal</u>	Buch Regal	pl
<i>add -e</i>	Hunde <u>hütte</u>	Hund Hütte	pl
<i>add -s</i>	Museum <u>sleiter</u>	Museum Leiter	gen
	Ansicht <u>karte</u>	Ansicht Karte	Ø
<i>rem. -e</i>	Kirchturm	Kirche Turm	Ø

Duden

Verb+Noun

<i>add -en</i>	Schreibmaschine
	<i>schreiben Maschine</i>
<i>add -n</i>	Wanderweg
	<i>wandern Weg</i>
	context of <i>n, m</i>
<i>rem -e</i>	Rechengerät
<i>add -en</i>	<i>rechnen Gerät</i>

Other+Noun

no modifications

IMPLEMENTED RULES

Map inflected forms to lemma
→ **approximate morphological operations**

Bücher|regal
BücherPlural → *BuchLemma*

Explicit modeling of **transitional elements** not contained in the inflectional inventory:

- Noun: *remove -s*
- Noun: *add -e*
- Noun: *remove -s, add -e*
- Verb: *add -en* (including deletion of *-e* in the context of *n,m*)
- Verb: *add -n*

No further rules needed

SPLITTING METHOD

- **Frequency-based approach** (Koehn&Knight 2003) extended with form-to-lemma mapping to handle compounding morphology
- Training data: frequency lists of tagged and lemmatized data
 - map inflected forms to lemmas
 - part-of-speech information to restrict splitting possibilities
Gründer ('founder') $\not\rightarrow$ *grün|der* ('green|the')
- **Splitting process**

input	breitflügelfledermaus_NN
split-1	breitflügel_XX fledermaus_NN
split-2	breit_ADJ flügel_NN fledermaus_NN
	'broad' 'wing' 'bat'
- Splitting possibilities are scored by the **geometric mean** of lemma frequencies

CATEGORIES

Modifier tags are restricted to

- **ADV** *wieder|aufforstung* 're|orestation'
- **ADJ** *alt|bestand* 'old|stock'
- **PART** *auf|preis* 'sur|charge'
- **V** *wandern|weg* 'hiking track'
- **NN** *apfel|kuchen* 'apple cake'
- **NE** *adam|apfel* 'adam's apple'

Additional “other” to add new category, for example neoclassical modifiers (e.g. *hydro-*)

EVALUATION

	correct split	wrong split	not split	P	R	F
SMOR Split	45,054	2,914	3,262	93.93	87.94	90.84
Simple Split	46,905	4,012	313	92.12	91.56	91.84

- Test set: 51,230 binary split noun compounds
- **SMOR-Split**: contrastive splitter using the morphological resource SMOR Fritzinger et al. (2010)

- **SMOR-Split**
precision-oriented conservative splitting, no splitting of lexicalized compounds or particles
- **Simple Split**
recall-oriented splitting, covers most proper nouns
Beaufort|Skala
Bennett|Känguru

CONCLUSION

- Simple approach to compound splitting with **minimal resources**
- Morphological operations: approximated by **form-to-lemma mapping**
- **Small set of rules** for uncovered transitional elements
- **Competitive results** with a splitter relying on a high-quality morphological resource