"Simple Issues"

Rethinking Anaphora and Information Structure

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Overview

- MIN-imal span
- Non-referring expressions
 - Expletives
 - Idioms
 - Quantifiers
 - Predication
- Singleton mentions
- Markable Spans
 - Disjoint
 - Split Antecedent
 - Sub-token annotation
- Pre-modifiers
- Zeroes
- (Events)

MIN-imal Spans

- Problem: rigid matching for mention boundaries, too restrictive for:
 - Training (material lost owing to parsing errors)
 - Evaluation (lower scores)
- Not so critical for OntoNotes (English), but may be different for
 - Other domains
 - Other languages

MIN-imal Spans (Solution 1)

- Annotate MAX, compute MIN automatically using headword heuristics
 - + No extra cost
 - Requires gold trees and head rules and possibly name information
 - Does not handle:
 - New York
 - high school
 - University of Trento
 - 0 ...
- TuebaDZ corpus had some experience with this approach, but had to use more complicated rules.

MIN-imal Spans (Solution 2)

- Annotate MAX, compute MIN automatically, correct manually
 - + Better quality
 - Extra cost (Massimo seems to differ)
- ARRAU corpus has some experience with this approach

Overview Simple Issues

MIN-imal Spans
Non-referring Expressions
Singleton Mentions
Markable Spans
Pre-modifiers
Zeroes
(Events)

MIN-imal Spans: Vote!

- Yes, Let's annotate MIN (5)
- No, Let's take the money (4)

Non-referring Expressions

- Semantically vacuous (expletives, idioms, ...)
- Predicatives, quantifiers, ...

Expletives

- Can we annotate them reliably?
- Anders: ML performance on 3 pronouns in OntoNotes:
 - It (68%); You (76%), We (51%)
 - But, the actual annotation sometimes looks arbitrary
- Some problemmatic cases
 - "You": generic vs. personal (esp. telephone conversation)
 - "It": in connection with congnition verbs

Idioms

- ".. kicked the bucket. The bucket is.."
 - is the bucket referential?
- Can we allow coreference between non-referential markables?

Quantifiers

- No standard practice (ACE vs OntoNotes vs ARRAU)
 - In ACE "Nobody ... Nobody" is considered coreferent!
- "Everybody loves his mom"
 - Referential?
 - Co-referential?
- "One" ?

Predication

- It is a mess here.
 - ACE considers this coreferential, unless the assertion is no longer true.
 - ARRAU annotates this as non-referential
 - OntoNotes ignores it as it can be recovered from Propbank (copula) and adds a special realation APPOS for apposition.

Predication (contd.)

- Examples
 - Our lion, Fluffy, should get more veal.
 - Fluffy, the lion, should get more veal.
 - As a lion, Fluffy should get more veal.
 - Fluffy should get more veal as <u>a lion</u>.
- Could some linguists kindly help us here?

Singleton Mentions

- Should we annotate mentions that do <u>not</u> participate in coreference chains?
- OntoNotes and TubaDZ did not annoate, but ARRAU and Prague folks do.
- + One can evaluate and optimize entity mention detection separately from coreference
- + Provide information on referentialilty
- Cost
- Can of worms
- Singleton can boost scores esp. B³, although one could remove them for scoring purposes.

Singleton: Vote!

- Yes, given the time and money let's (9)
- No (0)

Disjoint Markables

- Jane and John Smith
 - How do we annotate Jane?
- More common in the medical domain
 - "upper and lower lobe lung cancer"
- NMLs might provide a step towards resolving this issue

Split Antecedents

- "Jane doesn't trust John. They ..."
 - We should probably annotate these for future generations, so far nobody even tries to resolve them automatically.

Subtoken Annotation

- "Anti-American", "New York-based", ...
 - Clitics
 - Compounds (German)
- OntoNotes Solution: annotate as tokens, but keep track of offsets.
 - + The corpus might get re-tokenized! In OntoNotes, almost all sub-token markables dissapeared after re-tokenizing.

Pre-modifiers

- French President
- US President
- FBI agent
 - OntoNotes did not annotate "adjectival" modifiers (or, acronyms)
 - For Chinese, the adjectival-ness decision is made using the NORP named entity

Pre-modifier: Solutions

- Ignore all pre-modifiers (we don't like it)
- Connect all (like MUC did. We don't like it)
- Possible Tests
 - If XY can be expressed as Y of X, then annotate X (English only)
 - If it can be referred by a pronoun later
 - So stomach cancer, but not *coffee table.

Zeroes

- OntoNotes (English)
 - small PROs are not linked, but can be recovered from Treebank/PropBank
- OntoNotes (Arabic/Chinese)
 - small PROs from Treebank are annotated
- Annotate Traces?
 - If syntax layer is available, then should not annotate traces
 - If syntax layer is not available, then only annotate when really-really necessary.
 - Jane came home. [Jane] Annotated 20 documents.
 - Jane came home and [*Jane] watched a movie.
- There are issues with genericity that come up during for languages with dropped subjects/objects.

(Events)

- This is <u>not</u> a simple issue.
- ACE: agreement was very low
- OntoNotes decided to side-step the bigger issue by creating event chains for only cases that have a nominal referent back.
- NAACL 2012 Events Worskshop
- Might make sense to annoate on trees rather than plain text.